

1. No phrase describes Hungary better than "a feast for the senses."
The country's marvelous architecture will please your eyes.
 - ☛ feast *n.* 盛宴,筵席
 - ☛ I marvel at the beauty. = I wonder at the beauty. 讚嘆~的美麗
 - ☛ marvelous *adj.* 令人驚歎的;非凡的
 - ☛ architect(s) *n.* 建築師;設計師 ☛ architecture *n.* 建築學;建築術
2. Most visits to Hungary begin in Budapest, the capital, with its elegant, fairy-tale-like buildings.
 - 文法剖析** begin _____
 - ☛ capital *n.* 首都;大寫字母;資產 *adj.* 重要的 ☛ raise a capital 籌募基金
 - ☛ capital punishment = death sentence 死刑
3. You can't miss the Parliament Building rising up beside the Danube, one of the city's symbols.
 - 文法剖析** building rising _____
 - ☛ symbol *n.* 象徵,標誌 ☛ symbolize *v.* 象徵
 - ☛ symbolic *adj.* 象徵的,象徵性的
4. Admire the outside and then tour the *richly decorated* inside.
Afterward, walk up Castle Hill and see the Royal Palace, former home of the Hungarian royal family.
 - ☛ admire ~ and (then)略 tour ~
 - ☛ royal *adj.* 王的, 王室的 ☛ royalty *n.* (總稱)皇族或王族(成員)
 - ☛ There is no royal to learning. 學問無捷徑。
 - ☛ former *adj.* 在前的 *n.* 前者 ⇔ latter _____
 - ☛ formerly *adv.* 以前,從前
5. And finally, don't miss the Szechenyi Baths with their 15 pools of hot and cold water of varying temperatures.
 - ☛ vary *v.* 改變 (= change) ☛ variety *n.* 變化
 - ☛ various (= a variety of, diverse, a diversity of) 各式各樣的
 - ☛ Variety is the spice of life.
 - 文法剖析** varying temperatures _____
6. Only a 90-minute train ride from Budapest sits Eger, a town famous for the castle Egri Var.
 - 文法剖析** _____
7. Visit its Gothic Palace and see an informative exhibit on the history of the castle.
 - ☛ inform *v.* 通知(人) of ~ ~ ☛ informative *adj.* 見聞廣博的
 - ☛ be informed of 被通知 = be notified of = be aware of
 - ☛ exhibit *v.* 展示,陳列 *n.* 陳列品 ☛ exhibition (= exposition) 展覽會

1. Unfortunately, as soon as you step outside, tiny invaders begin their plot to spoil your day.

- fortune *n.* (1) 命運(have one's fortune told 算命)
(2) 財富(make a fortune 賺一大筆錢; cost a fortune 價值不菲)
(3) 好運, 幸運 (have good fortune 有好運)
- misfortune *n.* 不幸 = misery 悲慘
- unfortunately *adv.* 不幸運地
- invade *v.* 侵入 ➤ invasive *adj.* 侵入的 ➤ invasion *n.* 侵犯; 侵入
- plot *n.* 陰謀 *v.* 密謀, 策劃+against 或+to-v
- spoil *v.* 損壞; 糟蹋;(食物)腐壞; 寵壞(孩子)
- Spare the rod, spoil the child. 玉不琢不成器, 人不教不知義。

2. After a while, they force you back inside - close to the tissue box and far away from nature's beauty.

- close to ~ ⇔ far away from ~

3. Millions of people experience these miserable effects of allergies.

The "invaders" that cause allergy attacks - known as allergens - are actually everyday materials such as pollen, dust and animal dander.

- miserable *adj.* 悲慘的 ➤ misery *n.* 悲慘 ➤ Les misérables
- material(s) *n.* 材料, 原料 ➤ materialize *v.* 成形; 實現 (= come true)
- materialistic *adj.* 唯物論的; 唯物主義的 ➤ material girl

4. Seasonal allergies, which strike during spring and fall, are mainly caused by pollen released from trees, flowers and grass.

- strike *v.* (保齡球)全倒 ; (棒球)好球; (商業)罷工; (電玩)打擊
- strike - struck - struck /stricken
- It struck me that + *S.V.* 我突然想起~
- poverty-stricken *adj.* 為貧窮所困擾的; 非常貧窮的
- release *v.* 釋放; 發行 *n.* 版本

Allergies explained

5. When people with allergies breathe in allergens, their immune systems recognize them as harmful foreign substances.

- immune *adj.* 免疫的 to
- AIDS 【醫】愛滋病, 後天性免疫不全症候群
(為acquired immunodeficiency syndrome的首字母縮略字)
- recognize A as B 認A為B ➤ beyond recognition 無法辨識
- substance *n.* 物質 (= material) ➤ substantial *adj.* 實質上的

6. To defend the body, the immune system reacts, often by creating antibodies, which release chemicals called histamines.
- defense *n.* 防衛;防禦物 against ~
 - defensive weapons 防禦性武器
 - defense mechanism 防禦機制 ⇔ offense *n.* 冒犯
 - defend ~ from/against = protect/shield/guard ~ from/against ~
 - anti~
7. People sometimes mistake allergy symptoms for a cold or sinus infection. Symptoms from a cold or infection only last a couple of weeks _____ allergy symptoms can last for months.
- be infected with = contract = come down with 感染~
 - infectious disease = contagious disease
 - infection *n.*
8. The doctor can also give you medicine to relieve your symptoms.
- relieve *v.* 減輕(人) of (疼痛)
 - It is a relief that + *S.V.* 令人安心~~
 - Medicine relieve me of pain. = I am relieved of pain.
9. Make sure everything is dry before putting it away.
- make sure (= _____)
 - put away _____
10. Change the filter on your air conditioner every 90 days to reduce the spread of allergens around your house.
- filter *n.* 過濾器
 - infiltrate *v.* 使(液體等)透過,滲入
 - infiltration *n.* 滲透
11. Do your best to drive when traffic is less congested. Keep windows closed at all times.
- congestion [kən'dʒɛstʃən] *n.* 擁塞;擠滿
 - The train is congested with commuters. 火車擠滿了通勤者。
 - keep _____
12. While your allergies may never completely go away, you can be more comfortable with a few lifestyle changes.
- 文法剖析** be comfortable with _____

1. On April 6, 1909, six tired men finally reached the North Pole, having crossed over 700 km of cracking, shifting sea ice.
 - reach (= arrive at, get to)
 - + S.V. [子句], _____ having crossed

2. Before 1909, Peary had made six other attempts to travel to the North Pole. However, he had failed every time.
 - attempt *v.n.* 試圖;企圖;試圖做 +to-V

3. On another journey, Peary lost eight toes to frostbite. This time, Peary planned more carefully, sending teams ahead of him to make camps.
 - ahead of = prior to = before 在...之前

4. In this way, he was able to save energy and travel quickly. When Peary finally arrived at the pole, he spent just 30 hours there, making scientific observations.
 - in this way _____ ; in the way _____
 - along the way _____ ; by the way _____
 - observe *v.* 觀察 ➤ observation *n.* 觀察
 - observatory [əb'zɜ:vətɔ:ri] *n.* 天文臺;氣象臺

5. The journey to the North Pole was both difficult and dangerous. But with great courage and careful planning, Peary was finally able to succeed.
 - With +N, + S.V. [子句]